PGP-UK Genomics Report for uk2FDC52

1 Summary

This is the genome report was produced using collaborative research tools, including SNPedia and GetEvidence. This section shows an overview of all the small variants which were found in the genome for this individual, when compared with a reference genome. These variants are summarised in Table 1 and the pie-charts in Figures 2, 3 and 4.

This report was generated automatically and is not clinically approved. It is provided for personal and research purposes only.

This document contains hyperlinks, shown in grey, that will take you to external websites where you can find more detailed explanations. Some of the technical terms are also explained in more detail in the Ensembl Glossary. We would welcome your feedback about this report, for example, if you would like more information about anything or if any of the links have become inactive. You can contact us on: pgp-uk@ucl.ac.uk.

This summary shows an overview of all the variants which were found in the genome for this individual. The "variants remaining after filtering" refers to any differences in the DNA identified when compared to the reference genome. Of these, the majority will have already been found in some other sequenced individual and put on a database (existing variants) while others have not yet been annotated (novel variants).

"Overlapped genes" refers to the number of times where a variant was found in a region of the genome containing a gene. The diagram in Figure 1 is a simplification of the usual gene structure. "Exon" refers to the part of the gene which goes on to form a protein, and variants in this part of the gene are more likely to cause changes in the shape of the protein. Upstream, downstream, intronic and intergenic variants are more likely to alter the regulation of that gene but will not change the protein itself.

A transcript for a protein-coding gene can include the exons, introns and other gene features that are transcribed and important for gene function but might not be translated into the final protein. Not all transcripts are for protein-coding genes, with many containing non-coding RNAs that can be overlapping other genes, in introns or in intergenic regions.

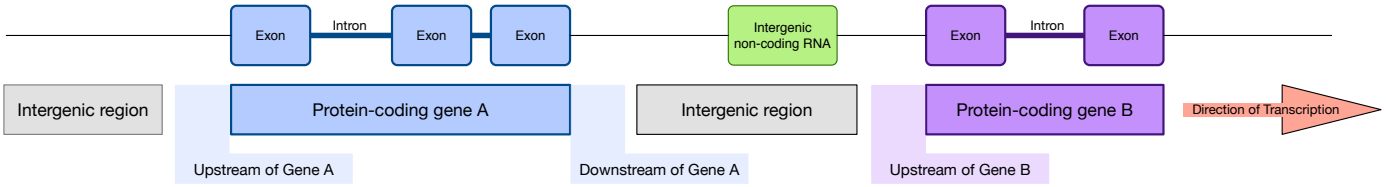

Figure 1: Diagram of gene structure indicating locations of potential variants

Feature	Count
Lines of input read	4896645
Variants filtered out	0
Novel / existing variants	464447 (9.5) / 4421383 (90.5)
Overlapped genes	56801
Overlapped transcripts	67533
Overlapped regulatory features	165753

Table 1: Variant calling summary

There are several different types of genomic variants. The most common change is when one single building block of the DNA (called a nucleotide) is changed, called a single nucleotide variants (SNV). Other variant types include insertions, where the DNA in the individual is longer than the reference sequence due to the insertion of one or more nucleotides; and deletions, where a few nucleotides are missing compared to the reference sequence.

Some of these changes will have no effect on the protein, while some changes may alter the protein function to varying degrees. The PolyPhen analysis software attempts to quantify the effect each mutation will have on the protein function. This ranges from "benign" where no change to the protein function is expected, to "probably damaging" where it is predicted that the mutation will affect protein function. It is nevertheless important to note that what is "damaging" for the protein is not necessarily damaging for the individual.

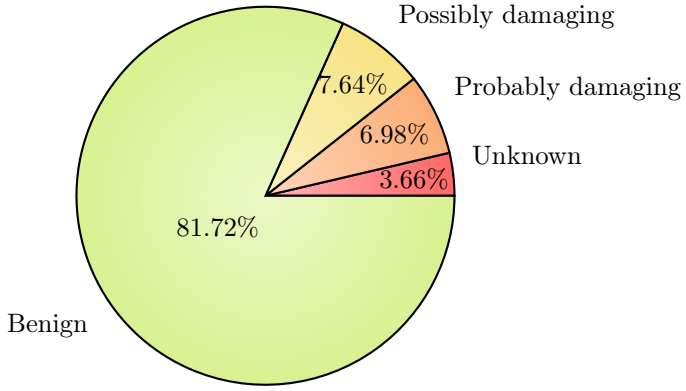

Figure 2: PolyPhen Summary

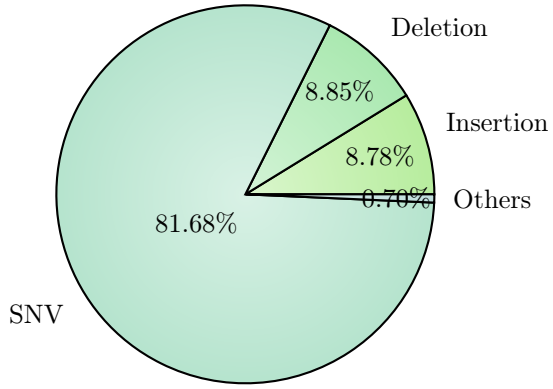

Figure 3: Variant Class

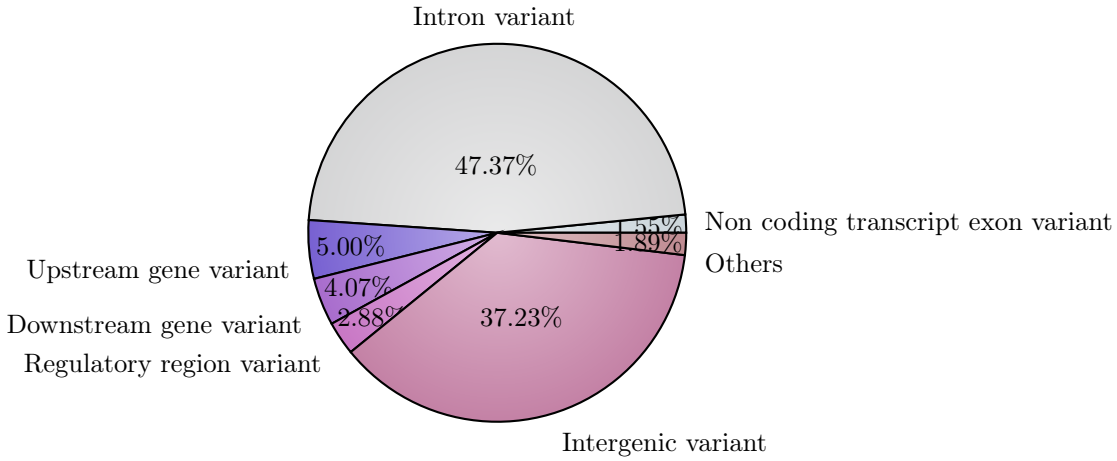

Figure 4: Consequence type

2 Ancestry

This plot shows the distribution of the genomes of different populations. Data from several studies which used whole genome sequencing was used to see the relationships between the genomes of the populations. It shows how closely related certain populations are genetically: Groups which cluster closely are more genetically similar than groups which are further apart. The black star symbol shows where this PGP-UK participant sits in relation to other populations, indicating their ancestry and their most closely related populations according to genetic sequence.

Based on the populations defined in the 1000 genomes project (1kGP), the ancestry composition for this individual is inferred to be 100.0 percent European [British in England and Scotland].

Please note that this analysis is limited by the populations available in the 1kGP data. If there are European subpopulations reported, and the ancestry of the participant does not correspond to any of the 1kGP populations, the closest 1kGP sampled subpopulation will be shown (even though it might be different from the participant's actual ancestry).

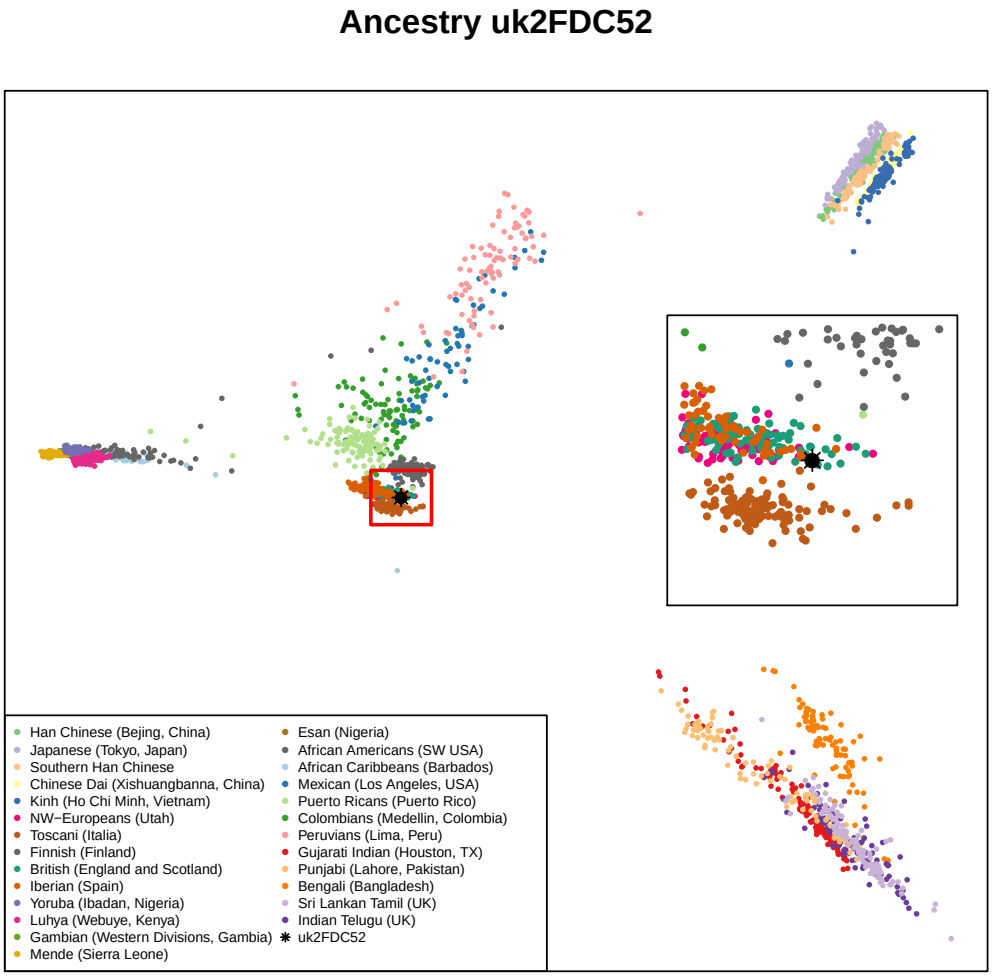

Figure 5: Ancestry Principal Component Analysis

3 Traits (based on SNPedia information)

Existing research has associated many variants with phenotypic traits, some of which can be perceived as beneficial while others appear to have a harmful effect. Some traits are complex and can be affected by several variants. It is likely that some of these would confer a higher risk while others a lower risk of trait manifestation. These can not be combined linearly to produce an actual risk of disease.

It is important to note that in most cases genomic data is probabilistic, not deterministic- i.e. having a genetic predisposition for a disease is not a diagnosis; rather, it shows an increased likelihood of developing that disease. Also, one person can have both potentially beneficial and harmful variants in the same gene, or associated with the same disease.

Some variants can also affect certain populations more, or will only affect a particular gender. For example, a variant for higher risk of endometriosis in the sequence of a male will not directly affect that person, but can be passed on to descendants.

While many traits are the result of a unique variant, many are the combination of several variants throughout the genome. In SNPedia, these are called genosets. These can integrate some of the information already present in the single variant tables, or be the combination of variants that have no phenotypic effect on their own, but contribute to a trait when together.

The variants in the following tables are sorted by magnitude. This is an subjective measure defined in SNPedia to highlight the perceived importance of the genotype described. At the moment this scale goes from 0 to 10. You can read more about it by visiting their explanatory webpage.

As our knowledge grows, the interpretation of the effect of certain variants might change. Clicking on the links in the genome report tables will take you to websites containing more information about each variant.

3.1 Possibly Beneficial Traits

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
2.2	rs2511989	(A;A)	0.44x decreased age-related macular degeneratio...		Link	
2.1	rs3775291	(A;G)	0.71x decreased risk for dry age related macula...	Link	Link	Link
2.1	rs547154	(A;A)	0.47x decreased risk for AMD			Link
2.1	rs6897932	(T;T)	0.70x decreased risk for multiple sclerosis	Link	Link	Link
2	rs11045585	(A;A)	24% chance (lower than average) of docetaxel-in...		Link	
2	rs1136410	(C;T)	0.80x reduced risk for glioblastoma	Link	Link	
2	rs17070145	(C;T)	Increased memory performance			Link
2	rs1799884	(G;G)	Mothers have typical Birth-Weight babies. Sligh...			
2	rs1864163	(G;G)	Associated with higher HDL cholesterol		Link	
2	rs2235015	(G;T)	Somewhat more likely to respond to certain anti...	Link	Link	
2	rs2243250	(C;T)	0.6x decreased risk for myocardial infarction i...			
2	rs3218536	(A;G)	Lower risk for breast: ovarian cancer	Link	Link	
2	rs3736309	(A;G)	0.44x decreased risk for chronic obstructive pu...			
2	rs3738579	(C;T)	0.5x decreased risk for cervical cancer: HNSCC:...			
2	rs3750817	(C;T)	0.78x reduced risk for breast cancer			
2	rs3764261	(G;T)	Associated with higher HDL cholesterol		Link	Link
2	rs3782179	(C;T)	3x lower odds of testicular cancer risk for men...			
2	rs3819331	(T;T)	Lower risk of autism	Link		
2	rs3914132	(C;T)	Lower otosclerosis risk		Link	
2	rs4149268	(A;G)	Associated with higher HDL cholesterol		Link	
2	rs6505162	(A;C)	0.58x decreased risk for esophageal cancer	Link		
2	rs6855911	(G;G)	Rare: but 0.62x decreased risk for gout		Link	
2	rs763110	(C;T)	~0.80x reduced cancer risk			Link
2	rs7776725	(T;T)	Stronger bones		Link	
2	rs800292	(T;T)	5% decreased risk of macular degeneration	Link	Link	Link
2	rs9272346	(A;G)	0.3x risk type-1 diabetes		Link	
1.8	rs1128535	(A;G)	0.77x risk for Crohn's disease			

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
1.8	rs187238	(C;C)	Hypertension not a risk factor for sudden cardi...			
1.8	rs4714156	(C;C)	<0.61x risk for restless legs			
1.8	rs7101429	(A;G)	0.70x reduced risk for Alzheimer's risk			
1.6	rs1061170	(T;T)	Lower risk for AMD: generally longer live than ...	Link	Link	Link
1.6	rs10801935	(C;C)	0.3x decreased risk of breast cancer			
1.6	rs3025786	(C;T)	Slightly decreased Alzheimer's disease risk amo...	Link		
1.6	rs3775948	(C;C)	Slightly lower risk for gout			
1.5	rs11136000	(C;T)	0.84x decreased risk for Alzheimer's disease		Link	
1.5	rs4149274	(C;T)	Associated with higher HDL (good) cholesterol			
1.5	rs464049	(C;C)	Decreased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud...			
1.5	rs4939883	(C;C)	Associated with higher HDL cholesterol		Link	
1.5	rs610932	(A;A)	A allele associated with reduced risk of Alzhei...			
1.5	rs729302	(A;C)	0.89x decreased risk of developing rheumatoid a...			
1.5	rs9939609	(T;T)	Lower risk of obesity and Type-2 diabetes		Link	
1.4	rs6700125	(C;C)	0.7x decreased risk for ALS			
1.25	rs10088218	(A;G)	0.76x decreased risk for ovarian cancer			
1.2	rs9306160	(C;T)	0.75x (reduced) risk for metastasis in LN-/ER+ ...	Link	Link	
1.1	rs10166942	(C;T)	0.85x lower risk for migraines			
1.1	rs11172113	(C;T)	0.9x lower risk for migraines			
1.1	rs13333226	(A;G)	Slightly lower risk for hypertension			Link
1	rs12510549	(C;C)	Decreased risk for high uric acid levels and go...			
1	rs182549	(C;T)	Can digest milk.			Link
1	rs2494732	(T;T)	Lower odds of psychosis	Link	Link	
1	rs2546890	(G;G)	Lower risk of multiple sclerosis			
1	rs2952768	(C;T)	Slightly less drug dependence: decreased effect...			Link
1	rs7850258	(A;G)	Typical odds of developing primary hypothyroidi...			
0.1	rs1726866	(C;C)	Can taste bitter	Link	Link	Link
0.1	rs891512	(G;G)	Lower blood pressure than those with an A allel...	Link		
0	rs1047781	(A;A)	ABH blood group "Secretor" status if Japanese	Link	Link	Link
0	rs12252	(T;T)	More resistant to influenza	Link		Link
0	rs16990018	(A;A)	PrP Codon 171 Asn - Non-pathogenic variant	Link		Link
0	rs17244841	(A;A)	More responsive to statin treatment		Link	Link
0	rs1799782	(C;C)	Lower risk for skin cancer	Link	Link	
0	rs1800562	(G;G)	Not a C282Y hemochromatosis carrier.	Link	Link	Link
0	rs242941	(G;G)	Better response to inhaled corticosteroid in pa...		Link	
0	rs28933385	(G;G)	Prion protein Codon 200 (E) - Non pathogenic va...			Link
0	rs5065	(A;A)	1.12x risk on diuretic; if hypertensive: better...	Link	Link	Link
0	rs6259	(G;G)	Best inverse correlation between tea-drinking: ...	Link	Link	
0	rs74315403	(G;G)	PrP codon 178 (D) - non pathogenic variant			Link
0	rs7495174	(A;A)	Blue/gray eyes more likely		Link	
0	rs9394492	(C;C)	<0.76x risk for restless legs			
0	rs9951307	(A;G)	0.10 decreased risk for brain edema after a str...			

3.2 Possibly Harmful Traits

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
3.8	rs5186	(C;C)	7.3x increased risk of hypertension	Link	Link	Link
3.5	rs199826652	(-;TCT)	Carrier for the most common cystic fibrosis mut...			
3	rs10897346	(C;C)	If depressed: 2.6x more likely to not respond t...			
3	rs13266634	(C;C)	Increased risk for type-2 diabetes	Link	Link	Link
3	rs1801282	(C;G)	Unconfirmed higher risk of cardiovascular disea...	Link	Link	Link
3	rs2306402	(C;C)	1.18x increased risk for late-onset Alzheimer's...			
3	rs2981582	(C;T)	1.3x higher risk of ER+ breast cancer		Link	
3	rs3848519	(A;C)	Carrier for an erythropoietic protoporphyria mu...	Link	Link	Link
3	rs6920220	(A;G)	1.2x risk Rheumatoid Arthritis		Link	
3	rs7754840	(C;G)	1.3x increased risk for type-2 diabetes		Link	
2.5	rs1057910	(A;C)	CYP2C9*3 carrier; average 40% reduction in warf...	Link	Link	Link
2.5	rs1121980	(C;T)	1.67x risk for obesity		Link	
2.5	rs1421085	(C;T)	~1.3x increased obesity risk		Link	Link
2.5	rs1799971	(A;G)	Stronger cravings for alcohol. if alcoholic: na...	Link	Link	Link
2.5	rs2004640	(T;T)	1.4x increased risk for SLE		Link	Link
2.5	rs2073963	(G;G)	Increased risk of baldness			
2.5	rs3738919	(C;C)	1.94x risk of developing rheumatoid arthritis			
2.5	rs5888	(C;T)	3x higher risk for age-related macular degenera...	Link		
2.5	rs613872	(G;T)	~5 fold higher risk for Fuchs' dystrophy: a cor...			
2.3	rs1859962	(G;G)	1.28x increased risk for prostate cancer		Link	
2.3	rs7966230	(C;G)	Slightly lower levels of plasma VWF			
2.2	rs2231137	(G;G)	~1.5-3x increased risk for ischemic stroke	Link	Link	Link
2.2	rs2305089	(T;T)	Higher risk for chordoma	Link	Link	
2.1	rs10427255	(C;C)	Highest odds of photic sneeze reflex			
2.1	rs10811661	(T;T)	1.2x increased risk for type-2 diabetes		Link	
2.1	rs1695	(G;G)	3.5x asthma risk in certain populations	Link	Link	Link
2.1	rs17563	(C;C)	Risk for otosclerosis	Link	Link	Link
2.1	rs2231142	(A;C)	1.74x increased gout risk; gefinitib takers 4x ...	Link	Link	Link
2.1	rs4402960	(T;T)	1.2x increased risk for type-2 diabetes: 1.5x r...		Link	Link
2.1	rs4961	(T;T)	1.8x increased risk for high blood pressure	Link	Link	Link
2.1	rs646776	(A;A)	1.2x risk of coronary artery disease		Link	
2.1	rs6742078	(T;T)	+16% bilirubin levels increased risk of gallsto...		Link	Link
2.1	rs944289	(C;T)	1.3x increased thyroid cancer risk		Link	
2	rs10248420	(A;A)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...		Link	
2	rs1042838	(G;T)	1.28x risk for endometrial ovarian cancer; over...	Link	Link	
2	rs1045642	(C;T)	Slower metaboliser for some drugs	Link	Link	Link
2	rs1050152	(C;T)	2.1x increased risk of Crohn's disease	Link	Link	Link
2	rs10871777	(A;G)	Adults likely to be 0.22 BMI units higher			
2	rs10984447	(A;A)	>1.17x increased risk for multiple sclerosis		Link	
2	rs1160312	(A;G)	1.6x increased risk of Male Pattern Baldness.		Link	
2	rs11983225	(T;T)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...		Link	
2	rs1219648	(A;G)	1.20x risk for breast cancer		Link	
2	rs12567232	(A;G)	Increased risk for Crohn's Disease		Link	
2	rs1265181	(C;G)	Increased risk for psoriasis		Link	
2	rs12696304	(C;G)	Prone to aging faster: at least in European pop...			
2	rs1333048	(A;C)	1.3x increased coronary artery disease risk			
2	rs17228212	(C;T)	1.26x increased risk for heart disease		Link	
2	rs17435	(T;T)	1.4x increased risk for lupus			
2	rs17696736	(A;G)	1.34x risk of type-1 diabetes		Link	
2	rs17782313	(C;T)	Adults likely to be 0.22 BMI units higher		Link	Link
2	rs2156921	(A;G)	1.29x increased risk for depression			
2	rs2201841	(T;T)	2.4x increased risk for Graves' disease		Link	
2	rs2230201	(G;G)	>1.4x risk of lupus	Link		

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
2	rs2235040	(G;G)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...	Link	Link	
2	rs2235067	(G;G)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...			
2	rs2305480	(C;T)	3.5x increase in risk of asthma for Han Chinese...	Link	Link	
2	rs2305795	(A;G)	1.28x higher risk of narcolepsy compared to (G;...			Link
2	rs2383206	(A;G)	1.4x increased risk for heart disease			
2	rs2383207	(A;G)	Increased risk for heart disease			
2	rs2420946	(C;T)	1.20x risk for breast cancer			
2	rs25487	(G;G)	2x higher risk for skin cancer; possibly other ...	Link	Link	Link
2	rs2707466	(G;G)	Weaker bones	Link	Link	
2	rs2908004	(C;C)	Weaker bones	Link	Link	
2	rs3212227	(A;C)	Significantly increased risk of developing cerv...			
2	rs351855	(C;T)	1.2x increased risk for prostate cancer	Link	Link	Link
2	rs358806	(C;C)	1.78x increased risk of developing Type-2 diabe...		Link	
2	rs3746444	(C;T)	~1.2x increased risk for cancer	Link		
2	rs4148739	(A;A)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...		Link	
2	rs4420638	(A;G)	~3x increased Alzheimer's risk; 1.4x increased ...		Link	Link
2	rs4792311	(A;G)	Increased risk of prostate cancer	Link	Link	Link
2	rs4825476	(G;G)	1.9x higher risk of suicidal thoughts when taki...		Link	
2	rs493258	(G;G)	1.15x risk of Age Related Macular Degeneration			
2	rs520354	(A;G)	Increased risk in men for biliary conditions			
2	rs5759167	(T;T)	Higher prostate cancer risk		Link	
2	rs6441286	(G;T)	1.54x chance of developing primary biliary cirr...		Link	
2	rs6449213	(C;C)	~4x higher risk for hyperuracemia			
2	rs663048	(G;T)	Significantly increased risk of developing lung...	Link	Link	
2	rs6896702	(T;T)	Increased risk of developing Parkinson's Diseas...			
2	rs6908425	(C;C)	1.95x increased risk of developing Crohn's dise...		Link	
2	rs744373	(C;T)	1.17x risk of Alzheimer's			
2	rs7639618	(C;T)	1.45x increased osteoarthritis risk	Link		
2	rs7794745	(A;T)	Slightly increased risk for autism		Link	Link
2	rs7807268	(C;G)	1.3x risk for Crohn's disease		Link	
2	rs7923837	(G;G)	3.2x risk for T2D			
2	rs828907	(G;T)	Slightly increased risk of bladder cancer and 2...			
2	rs854560	(A;T)	Higher risk for heart disease: diabetic retinop...	Link	Link	Link
2	rs855913	(G;T)	Reduced survival with ALS		Link	
2	rs9652490	(A;A)	~2x increased risk for Parkinson's disease: and...		Link	
2	rs965513	(A;G)	1.77x increased thyroid cancer risk		Link	
2	rs987525	(A;A)	6x increased risk for cleft lip		Link	
2	rs9954153	(G;T)	~2.5x higher risk for Fuchs' dystrophy: a corne...			
2.0	rs4911414	(G;T)	2-4x higher risk of sun sensitivity if part of ...		Link	
1.8	rs2278206	(T;T)	1.16x increased risk for asthma	Link	Link	
1.8	rs4474514	(A;G)	3x increased testicular cancer risk for men		Link	
1.7	rs1042713	(A;A)	1.7x increased risk that pediatric inhaler use ...	Link	Link	Link
1.7	rs2024513	(A;A)	1.7x higher risk for schizophrenia (among Han C...			
1.6	rs1537415	(C;G)	1.6x increased risk for periodontitis		Link	
1.6	rs2059693	(T;T)	1.6x increased risk for testicular cancer			
1.6	rs3764880	(A;A)	1.2 - 1.8x increased tuberculosis risk	Link	Link	
1.5	rs10260404	(C;T)	1.20x risk of developing ALS		Link	
1.5	rs10464059	(A;G)	Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson...			
1.5	rs10492519	(A;G)	Slightly increased risk of developing prostate ...			
1.5	rs10757272	(C;T)	1.30x increased risk for Coronary artery diseas...			
1.5	rs10883365	(A;G)	1.2x increased risk for developing Crohn's dise...		Link	
1.5	rs10980705	(C;T)	2.3x increased risk for knee osteoarthritis			
1.5	rs11171739	(C;T)	1.34x risk of developing Type-1 diabetes		Link	
1.5	rs1169300	(A;G)	~1.5x increased lung cancer risk			
1.5	rs12431733	(C;T)	Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson...		Link	

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
1.5	rs13149290	(C;C)	Slightly increased risk of developing prostate ...			
1.5	rs13181	(G;T)	1.12x increased risk for cutaneous melanoma	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs13376333	(C;T)	1.5x higher risk of atrial fibrillation		Link	
1.5	rs140701	(A;G)	Increased risk for anxiety disorders			
1.5	rs1571801	(A;A)	>1.36x risk for prostate cancer			
1.5	rs165599	(G;G)	May indicate increased susceptibility to schizo...		Link	
1.5	rs16944	(A;G)	Minorly increased risk of mental illness and os...		Link	
1.5	rs1801020	(C;T)	1.31x increased risk of heart disease	Link		Link
1.5	rs1801274	(C;T)	Complex; generally greater risk for cancer prog...	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs2007153	(G;G)	Increased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud...			
1.5	rs2241880	(C;T)	1.4x increased risk for Crohn's disease in Cauc...	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs2272127	(C;C)	Associated with herpes and schizophrenia			
1.5	rs2280714	(A;A)	1.4x increased risk of SLE			
1.5	rs2464196	(C;T)	~1.5x increased lung cancer risk	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs2697962	(A;G)	Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson...			
1.5	rs2736990	(C;T)	Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson...		Link	
1.5	rs27388	(A;G)	Slightly increased risk of developing schizophr...			
1.5	rs2881766	(T;T)	Slightly increased risk for pregnancy-induced h...			
1.5	rs309375	(T;T)	Larger mosquito bites			
1.5	rs3825776	(A;G)	1.3x increased risk for ALS		Link	
1.5	rs393152	(A;A)	Increased risk of both PD and AD	Link	Link	
1.5	rs401681	(C;C)	~1.2x increased risk for several types of cance...		Link	
1.5	rs4027132	(A;G)	1.39x increased risk of developing bipolar diso...			
1.5	rs4506565	(A;T)	1.4x increased risk for type-2 diabetes		Link	
1.5	rs4538475	(A;G)	Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson...		Link	
1.5	rs4585	(T;T)	Slightly poorer (0.75x) response to metformin i...			
1.5	rs4785763	(A;C)	1.5x higher risk for melanoma		Link	
1.5	rs486907	(A;G)	1.5x increased prostate cancer risk	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs5219	(C;T)	1.3x increased risk for type-2 diabetes	Link	Link	Link
1.5	rs5746059	(A;G)	Slightly higher fat mass			
1.5	rs6435862	(G;T)	1.7x higher risk of aggressive neuroblastoma		Link	
1.5	rs6498169	(A;G)	1.14x risk of multiple sclerosis		Link	
1.5	rs7341475	(G;G)	1.58x increased schizophrenia risk for women		Link	
1.5	rs7536563	(A;G)	1.12x risk of multiple sclerosis		Link	
1.5	rs7774434	(C;T)	Slightly increased risk of developing primary b...			
1.5	rs807701	(C;T)	Slightly increased dyslexia risk			
1.5	rs9303277	(C;T)	1.46x Slightly increased risk of developing pri...			
1.5	rs9561778	(G;T)	~2x increased risk of adverse drug reactions fr...		Link	
1.5	rs9642880	(G;T)	1.2x increased bladder cancer risk		Link	
1.5	rs975278	(A;A)	1.5x higher risk for emphysema: higher in smoke...			
1.4	rs10865331	(A;A)	1.4x higher risk for ankylosing spondylitis			
1.4	rs1126497	(T;T)	1.4x increased risk for breast cancer	Link	Link	Link
1.4	rs1801157	(A;G)	1.4x higher risk for breast cancer			
1.4	rs3131296	(G;G)	1.4x increased risk for schizophrenia		Link	
1.4	rs3184504	(C;T)	Slightly increased risk for celiac disease	Link	Link	
1.4	rs6010620	(G;G)	1.4x higher risk for glioma development; but th...		Link	
1.34	rs17465637	(C;C)	1.34x higher risk for myocardial infarction	Link	Link	
1.3	rs10947262	(C;C)	1.3x increased risk for osteoarthritis			
1.3	rs110419	(A;G)	1.3x increased risk for neuroblastoma			
1.3	rs1260326	(C;T)	Slightly higher risk for gout	Link	Link	Link
1.3	rs1434536	(A;G)	1.29x increased breast cancer risk			
1.3	rs16847548	(C;T)	1.3x increased risk for sudden cardiac death in...			
1.3	rs1746048	(C;C)	1.03 increased risk for coronary heart disease		Link	
1.3	rs2736100	(G;T)	1.3x higher risk for glioma development: 2.1x r...		Link	
1.3	rs34330	(C;T)	1.3x higher risk for endometrial cancer (in Chi...			

Mag.	Identifier	Genotype	Summary	ExAC	GetEvidence	ClinVar
1.3	rs356219	(A;G)	1.3x increased risk for Parkinson's disease			
1.25	rs748404	(T;T)	Slightly increased risk (1.25) for lung cancer...		Link	
1.2	rs1800693	(A;G)	Slight (1.2x) increase in risk for multiple scl...	Link	Link	Link
1.2	rs2056116	(A;G)	1.18x risk for breast cancer			
1.2	rs2076295	(G;T)	One copy of the risk allele (G): slightly incre...			
1.2	rs449647	(A;T)	Possibly lower levels of ApoE			
1.2	rs4795067	(A;G)	Slight increase in risk for psoriatic arthritis...			
1.2	rs9858542	(A;G)	1.1x risk Crohn's Disease	Link	Link	
1.1	rs11037909	(C;T)	1.27x type II diabetes risk	Link		
1.1	rs11110912	(C;C)	1.3x high blood pressure risk			
1.1	rs13387042	(A;G)	1.12x increased risk for breast cancer		Link	
1.1	rs249954	(C;T)	Potentially increased risk of Breast Cancer			Link
1.1	rs2651899	(A;G)	1.1x higher risk for migraines			
1.1	rs34516635	(G;G)	Less longevity for Ashkenazi Jewish women.	Link		Link
1.1	rs3740878	(A;G)	1.26x type II diabetes risk	Link		Link
1.1	rs3818361	(C;T)	1.15x increased risk for late-onset Alzheimer's...			
1.1	rs4324715	(C;T)	1.5x increased testicular cancer risk for men			
1.1	rs688034	(C;T)	1.1x risk higher risk for coronary artery disea...		Link	
1.1	rs6897876	(C;T)	Slight increase in testicular cancer risk for m...			
1.1	rs7171755	(A;A)	Very slight descrease in cortical thickness and...			
1.1	rs7412	(C;T)	More likely to gain weight if taking olanzapine...	Link	Link	Link
1.1	rs925391	(C;C)	More likely to go bald; common			
1.1	rs997669	(G;G)	Very slightly increased (1.18x) increased breas...			
1.07	rs2291834	(C;C)	Very slightly higher risk for myocardial infarc...			
1	rs10504861	(G;G)	Major allele: normal risk of migraine			
1	rs10761659	(A;G)	1.2x risk of Crohn's disease		Link	
1	rs1143674	(A;G)	1.3x increased autism risk	Link		
1	rs3194051	(A;A)	>1.1x risk of type-1 diabetes	Link	Link	Link
1	rs6974491	(A;G)	Higher risk of coeliac and/or inflammatory bowe...			
1.0	rs11246226	(A;A)	Increased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud...		Link	
0	rs1004819	(C;C)	1.5x risk of Crohn's disease		Link	
0	rs1495965	(A;A)	1.2x higher risk for spondylitis			
0	rs440446	(G;G)	Increased risk in men for biliary conditions	Link		
0	rs7787082	(G;G)	7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres...		Link	

3.3 Genosets (Multi-variant Phenotypes)

Magnitude	Identifier	Summary
3.1	gs191	Problem metabolizing NSAIDs
3	gs241	Lighter green: brown or hazel eye color
2.5	gs155	CYP3A5 non-expressor
2.5	gs161	CYP2C9 Intermediate Metabolizers
2.5	gs189	Probably APOE E2/E4: but maybe E1/E3. E1 is the...
2.5	gs282	You are part of the 12% of the population who c...
2.5	gs285	You will lose 2.5x as much weight on a low fat ...
2.4	gs297	Lower heart attack risk than average
2	gs101	Probably able to digest milk
2	gs154	NAT2 Slow metabolizer
2	gs181	CYP2D6*2
2	gs188	One copy of APOE4 is possible: but not certain
1.5	gs186	HLA-B*5801 heterozygosity is possible: unfortun...
1.5	gs220	HLA-B*1502?
1.5	gs247	Parkinson's Disease Risk
1.2	gs184	Able to taste bitterness.
1	gs163	CYP2D6*2A
0	gs158	CYP1A2 normal metabolizer

4 Raw Data

The raw data used to create this report has been assigned the identifier ERS1176632 in the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA) hosted at the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI).

These data will not be accessible unless the report is approved. This will happen by default one month after the report is issued, or if the report is approved for immediate release within the one month period. Participants can also withdraw from the study at any time in which case the report and the data will not be released and will be deleted.

If the data has already been released, it can be accessed at: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERS1176632

5 Report Metadata

Resource	Version	Website
Genome	GRCh38	Link
BWA	0.7.12	Link
SAMtools	1.3	Link
GATK	3.4-46	Link
PLINK	v1.90b3.35	Link
VEP	88	Link
SNPedia	30-Jul-2017	Link
ExAC	v0.3.1	Link
GetEvidence	16-Dec-2016	Link
ClinVar	16-Dec-2016	Link

Table 5: Analysis Pipeline Versions

Report generated on August 2, 2017.