## PGP-UK Genomics Report for ukDEA88B

## 1 Summary

This is the genome report was produced using collaborative research tools, including SNPedia and GetEvidence. This section shows an overview of all the small variants which were found in the genome for this individual, when compared with a reference genome. These variants are summarised in Table 1 and the pie-charts in Figures 2, 3 and 4.

This report was generated automatically and is not clinically approved. It is provided for personal and research purposes only

This document contains hyperlinks, shown in grey, that will take you to external websites where you can find more detailed explanations. Some of the technical terms are also explained in more detail in the Ensembl Glossary. We would welcome your feedback about this report, for example, if you would like more information about anything or if any of the links have become inactive. You can contact us on: pgp-uk@ucl.ac.uk.

This summary shows an overview of all the variants which were found in the genome for this individual. The "variants remaining after filtering" refers to any differences in the DNA identified when compared to the reference genome. Of these, the majority will have already been found in some other sequenced individual and put on a database (existing variants) while others have not yet been annotated (novel variants).
"Overlapped genes" refers to the number of times where a variant was found in a region of the genome containing a gene. The diagram in Figure 1 is a simplification of the usual gene structure. "Exon" refers to the part of the gene which goes on to form a protein, and variants in this part of the gene are more likely to cause changes in the shape of the protein. Upstream, downstream, intronic and intergenic variants are more likely to alter the regulation of that gene but will not change the protein itself.

A transcript for a protein-coding gene can include the exons, introns and other gene features that are transcribed and important for gene function but might not be translated into the final protein. Not all transcripts are for protein-coding genes, with many containing non-coding RNAs that can be overlapping other genes, in introns or in intergenic regions.


Figure 1: Diagram of gene structure indicating locations of potential variants

| Feature | Count |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lines of input read | 4933056 |
| Variants filtered out | 0 |
| Novel / existing variants | $495344(10.1) / 4427070(89.9)$ |
| Overlapped genes | 56547 |
| Overlapped transcripts | 67310 |
| Overlapped regulatory features | 165754 |

Table 1: Variant calling summary

There are several different types of genomic variants. The most common change is when one single building block of the DNA (called a nucleotide) is changed, called a single nucleotide variants (SNV). Other variant types include insertions, where the DNA in the individual is longer than the reference sequence due to the insertion of one or more nucleotides; and deletions, where a few nucleotides are missing compared to the reference sequence.

Some of these changes will have no effect on the protein, while some changes may alter the protein function to varying degrees. The PolyPhen analysis software attempts to quantify the effect each mutation will have on the protein function. This ranges from "benign" where no change to the protein function is expected, to "probably damaging" where it is predicted that the mutation will affect protein function. It is nevertheless important to note that what is "damaging" for the protein is not necessarily damaging for the individual.


Figure 2: PolyPhen Summary


Figure 3: Variant Class


Figure 4: Consequence type

## 2 Ancestry

This plot shows the distribution of the genomes of different populations. Data from several studies which used whole genome sequencing was used to see the relationships between the genomes of the populations. It shows how closely related certain populations are genetically: Groups which cluster closely are more genetically similar than groups which are further apart. The black star symbol shows where this PGP-UK participant sits in relation to other populations, indicating their ancestry and their most closely related populations according to genetic sequence.

Based on the populations defined in the 1000 genomes project ( 1 kGP ), the ancestry composition for this individual is inferred to be 100.0 percent European [British in England and Scotland].

Please note that this analysis is limited by the populations available in the 1 kGP data. If there are European subpopulations reported, and the ancestry of the participant does not correspond to any of the 1 kGP populations, the closest 1 kGP sampled subpopulation will be shown (even though it might be different from the participant's actual ancestry).

## Ancestry ukDEA88B



Figure 5: Ancestry Principal Component Analysis

## 3 Traits (based on SNPedia information)

Existing research has associated many variants with phenotypic traits, some of which can be perceived as beneficial while others appear to have a harmful effect. Some traits are complex and can be affected by several variants. It is likely that some of these would confer a higher risk while others a lower risk of trait manifestation. These can not be combined linearly to produce an actual risk of disease.

It is important to note that in most cases genomic data is probabilistic, not deterministic- i.e. having a genetic predisposition for a disease is not a diagnosis; rather, it shows an increased likelihood of developing that disease. Also, one person can have both potentially beneficial and harmful variants in the same gene, or associated with the same disease.

Some variants can also affect certain populations more, or will only affect a particular gender. For example, a variant for higher risk of endometriosis in the sequence of a male will not directly affect that person, but can be passed on to descendants.

While many traits are the result of a unique variant, many are the combination of several variants throughout the genome. In SNPedia, these are called genosets. These can integrate some of the information already present in the single variant tables, or be the combination of variants that have no phenotypic effect on their own, but contribute to a trait when together.

The variants in the following tables are sorted by magnitude. This is an subjective measure defined in SNPedia to highlight the perceived importance of the genotype described. At the moment this scale goes from 0 to 10 . You can read more about it by visiting their explanatory webpage.

As our knowledge grows, the interpretation of the effect of certain variants might change. Clicking on the links in the genome report tables will take you to websites containing more information about each variant.

### 3.1 Possibly Beneficial Traits

| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.5 | rs2943634 | (A;A) | Lower risk of ischemic stroke |  | Link |  |
| 2.4 | rs3750817 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 0.64x reduced risk for breast cancer: and highe... |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs2511989 | (A;G) | 0.63x decreased age-related macular degeneratio... |  | Link |  |
| 2.1 | rs3775291 | (A;G) | 0.71x decreased risk for dry age related macula... | Link | Link | Link |
| 2.1 | rs9332739 | (C;G) | 0.47x decreased risk for AMD | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs10468017 | (C;T) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs10503669 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C}$ ) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs10504861 | (A;G) | Reduced risk of migraine without aura |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs1136410 | (C;T) | 0.80x reduced risk for glioblastoma | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs12678919 | (A;G) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs174537 | (T; T ) | Lower LDL-C and total cholesterol |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs1864163 | (G;G) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs261332 | (A;G) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs3819331 | (T;T) | Lower risk of autism | Link |  |  |
| 2 | rs4149268 | (G;G) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs4307059 | (C;C) | Reduced Autism risk |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs6495446 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 0.64x reduced risk for chronic kidney disease |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs6505162 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C}$ ) | 0.58x decreased risk for esophageal cancer | Link |  |  |
| 2 | rs763110 | (C;T) | $\sim 0.80 \mathrm{x}$ reduced cancer risk |  |  | Link |
| 2 | rs7776725 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Stronger bones |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs801114 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 0.78x decreased Basal Cell Carcinoma risk. |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs8070723 | (A;G) | 0.18x reduced risk of developing progressive su... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs9272346 | (A;G) | 0.3 x risk type-1 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 1.8 | rs1128535 | (A;G) | 0.77 x risk for Crohn's disease |  |  |  |
| 1.8 | rs1800588 | (C;T) | Higher HDL-C levels | Link | Link |  |
| 1.8 | rs3814113 | (C;T) | 0.8x decreased risk for ovarian cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.8 | rs4714156 | (C;C) | $<0.61 \mathrm{x}$ risk for restless legs |  |  |  |


| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.6 | rs2278206 | (C;C) | Possibly less susceptible to asthma | Link | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs11136000 | (T;T) | 0.84x decreased risk for Alzheimer's disease |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs3790844 | (C;T) | Slightly reduced risk (0.77x) for pancreatic ca... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs3851179 | (A;G) | 0.85x decreased risk for Alzheimer's disease |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs4149274 | (C;C) | Associated with higher HDL (good) cholesterol. |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs4939883 | (C;C) | Associated with higher HDL cholesterol |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs5968255 | (C;C) | Slower AIDS progression (8 years) |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs9939609 | (T;T) | Lower risk of obesity and Type-2 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 1.4 | rs1165205 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 0.85x decreased gout risk |  | Link |  |
| 1.2 | rs11172113 | (C;C) | 0.8x lower risk for migraines |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs9306160 | (C;T) | 0.75 x (reduced) risk for metastasis in LN-/ER $+\ldots$ | Link | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs10166942 | (C;T) | 0.85x lower risk for migraines |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs2293347 | (G;G) | Among NSCLC patients: better Gefitinib response... | Link |  | Link |
| 1.1 | rs4988235 | (T;T) | Can digest milk |  |  | Link |
| 1 | rs182549 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Can digest milk. |  |  | Link |
| 1 | rs2952768 | (C;C) | Less drug dependence: decreased effectiveness o... |  |  | Link |
| 1 | rs7850258 | (A;G) | Typical odds of developing primary hypothyroidi... |  |  |  |
| 1.0 | rs11246226 | (C;C) | Decreased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud... |  | Link |  |
| 0.1 | rs891512 | (G;G) | Lower blood pressure than those with an A allel... | Link |  |  |
| 0 | rs10427255 | (T; T ) | Lowest odds of photic sneeze reflex |  |  |  |
| 0 | rs1047781 | $(\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A})$ | ABH blood group "Secretor" status if Japanese | Link | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs12252 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | More resistant to influenza | Link |  | Link |
| 0 | rs16990018 | (A;A) | PrP Codon 171 Asn - Non-pathogenic variant | Link |  | Link |
| 0 | rs17244841 | (A;A) | More responsive to statin treatment |  | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs1800562 | (G;G) | Not a C282Y hemochromatosis carrier. | Link | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs28933385 | (G;G) | Prion protein Codon 200 (E) - Non pathogenic va... |  |  | Link |
| 0 | rs312481 | (C;C) | Better response to certain calcium channel bloc... |  |  |  |
| 0 | rs41303129 | (C;T) | Likely to be a benign variant according to Clin... | Link |  | Link |
| 0 | rs5065 | (A;A) | 1.12x risk on diuretic; if hypertensive: better... | Link | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs6259 | (G;G) | Best inverse correlation between tea-drinking: ... | Link | Link |  |
| 0 | rs7305115 | (A;A) | Individuals showed a significantly lower risk o... | Link | Link |  |
| 0 | rs74315403 | (G;G) | PrP codon 178 (D) - non pathogenic variant |  |  | Link |
| 0 | rs7495174 | (A;A) | Blue/gray eyes more likely |  | Link |  |

### 3.2 Possibly Harmful Traits

| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | rs1333049 | (C;C) | 1.9x increased risk for coronary artery disease... |  | Link |  |
| 3.8 | rs5186 | (C;C) | 7.3x increased risk of hypertension | Link | Link | Link |
| 3 | rs10897346 | (C;C) | If depressed: 2.6 x more likely to not respond t... |  |  |  |
| 3 | rs13266634 | (C;C) | Increased risk for type-2 diabetes | Link | Link | Link |
| 3 | rs2306402 | (C;C) | 1.18x increased risk for late-onset Alzheimer's... |  |  |  |
| 3 | rs3892097 | (A;A) | CYP2D6 poor metabolizer; many associations rela... | Link | Link | Link |
| 3 | rs4151667 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Age related macular degeneration | Link | Link | Link |
| 3 | rs4244285 | (A;G) | Poorer metabolizer of several popular medicines... | Link | Link | Link |
| 3 | rs771540767 | (A;G) | Carrier of a hypophosphatasia allele |  |  |  |
| 3 | rs7754840 | (C;G) | 1.3x increased risk for type-2 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 2.5 | rs17696736 | (G;G) | 1.94x risk of type-1 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 2.5 | rs187238 | (G;G) | Hypertension increases risk 3.75x for sudden ca... |  |  |  |
| 2.5 | rs5888 | (C;T) | 3 x higher risk for age-related macular degenera... | Link |  |  |
| 2.5 | rs613872 | (G;T) | ${ }^{\sim} 5$ fold higher risk for Fuchs' dystrophy: a cor... |  |  |  |
| 2.4 | rs7966230 | (G;G) | Slightly lower levels of plasma VWF |  |  |  |
| 2.3 | rs1859962 | (G;G) | 1.28x increased risk for prostate cancer |  | Link |  |
| 2.2 | rs1052133 | (G;G) | 2x increased bladder cancer risk; 4.5x increase... | Link | Link |  |
| 2.2 | rs2004640 | (G;T) | 1.4 x increased risk for SLE |  | Link | Link |
| 2.2 | rs2231137 | (G;G) | ${ }^{1} 1.5-3 \mathrm{x}$ increased risk for ischemic stroke | Link | Link | Link |
| 2.1 | rs10811661 | (T;T) | 1.2x increased risk for type-2 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 2.1 | rs1329428 | (G;G) | 2 x increased risk for macular degeneration |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs17070145 | (C;C) | Reduced memory abilities |  |  | Link |
| 2.1 | rs2254958 | (C;T) | 1.24x increased risk for Alzheimer's |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs2383207 | (G;G) | Increased risk for heart disease |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs4444903 | (G;G) | 3.5x risk of hep-cancer in cirrhosis patients; ... |  |  | Link |
| 2.1 | rs646776 | (A;A) | 1.2 x risk of coronary artery disease |  | Link |  |
| 2.1 | rs7837688 | (G;T) | 1.7 x increased risk for prostate cancer |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs795484 | (A;G) | Increased morphine dose requirement and postope... |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | rs944289 | (C;T) | 1.3 x increased thyroid cancer risk |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs10086908 | (C;T) | 1.7x increased risk for prostate cancer |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs10090154 | (C;T) | 1.4x increased risk for prostate cancer |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs10248420 | (A;A) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs1042838 | (G;T) | 1.28x risk for endometrial ovarian cancer; over... | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs10488631 | (C;T) | 2x increased risk of developing SLE; 1.6x incre... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs10492519 | (G;G) | Increased risk of developing prostate cancer |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs1050152 | (C;T) | 2.1x increased risk of Crohn's disease | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs10757272 | (T; T) | 1.54x increased risk for Coronary artery diseas... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs10984447 | (A;G) | 1.17 x increased risk for multiple sclerosis |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs11045585 | (A;G) | 63\% chance (higher than average) of docetaxel-i... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs11171739 | (C;C) | 1.75x risk of developing Type-1 diabetes |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs11190870 | (C;T) | Possibly increased risk of scoliosis |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs1160312 | (A;A) | 1.6x increased risk of Male Pattern Baldness. |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs1169300 | (A;A) | 2x increased lung cancer risk |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs11983225 | (T; T) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs12431733 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Increased risk of developing Parkinson's Diseas... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs12567232 | (A;G) | Increased risk for Crohn's Disease |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs12696304 | (C;G) | Prone to aging faster: at least in European pop... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs13254738 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C}$ ) | 1.18x prostate cancer risk |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs1585215 | (A;G) | 2x increased risk for Hodgkin lymphoma |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs16942 | (G;G) | Very slightly increased breast cancer risk | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs16944 | (G;G) | Increased risk of mental disorders |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs17228212 | (C;T) | 1.26x increased risk for heart disease |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs1734791 | (A;A) | 1.4 x increased risk for lupus |  |  |  |


| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | rs1800896 | (A;A) | 1.8x increased prostate cancer risk |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs2073963 | (G;T) | Increased risk of baldness |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs2201841 | (T; T ) | 2.4x increased risk for Graves' disease |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs2230199 | (C;G) | $1.6 \mathrm{x}+$ risk of ARMD | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs2230201 | (G;G) | $>1.4 \mathrm{x}$ risk of lupus | Link |  |  |
| 2 | rs2235015 | (G;G) | Somewhat less likely to respond to certain anti... | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs2235040 | (G;G) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs2235067 | (G;G) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs2464196 | (T; T ) | - 2 x increased lung cancer risk | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs25487 | (A;G) | 2 x higher risk for skin cancer; possibly other ... | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs2707466 | (G;G) | Weaker bones | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs2736100 | (T; T) | Higher risk of Interstitial lung disease: and t... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs2908004 | (C;C) | Weaker bones | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs358806 | (C;C) | 1.78x increased risk of developing Type-2 diabe... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs3738579 | (C;C) | 0.6x decreased risk for cervical cancer: but 1... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs3738919 | $(\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C})$ | 1.94 x risk of developing rheumatoid arthritis |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs3775948 | (G;G) | Slightly higher risk for gout |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs4148739 | (A;A) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs4242382 | (A;G) | 1.7x increased risk for prostate cancer |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs4402960 | (G;T) | 1.2x increased risk for type-2 diabetes: ${ }^{\sim} 1 \mathrm{x}$ ri... |  | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs4633 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Higher risk for endometrial cancer | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs486907 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | 2 x increased prostate cancer risk | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs493258 | (A;G) | 1.15x risk of Age Related Macular Degeneration |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs4961 | (G;T) | 1.8x increased risk for high blood pressure | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs520354 | (A;A) | Increased risk in men for biliary conditions |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs6457617 | (C;T) | 2.3 x risk of rheumatoid arthritis |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs6498169 | (A;A) | $>1.14 \mathrm{x}$ risk of multiple sclerosis |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs663048 | (G;T) | Significantly increased risk of developing lung... | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs6897932 | (C;C) | 1.08 x increased risk for multiple sclerosis | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs6908425 | (C;C) | 1.95x increased risk of developing Crohn's dise... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs6922269 | (A;A) | 1.6x risk of coronary artery disease |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs6997709 | (G;T) | 1.2 x higher risk for hypertension |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs699 | (C;T) | Increased risk of hypertension | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs7216389 | (T; T ) | 1.5x increased risk for Childhood Asthma. |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs7442295 | (A;A) | $\sim 4 \mathrm{x}$ higher risk for hyperuracemia |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs7536563 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | $>1.12 \mathrm{x}$ risk of multiple sclerosis |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs763361 | (T; T) | Increased risk for multiple autoimmune diseases... | Link | Link |  |
| 2 | rs7794745 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Slightly increased risk for autism |  | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs7961152 | (A;A) | 1.5x higher risk for hypertension |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs800292 | (C;C) | 5\% higher risk of Age related macular degenerat... | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs828907 | (T;T) | Increased risk of bladder cancer and 2x risk of... |  |  |  |
| 2 | rs854560 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Higher risk for heart disease: diabetic retinop... | Link | Link | Link |
| 2 | rs9652490 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ 2x increased risk for Parkinson's disease: and... |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs965513 | (A;G) | 1.77 x increased thyroid cancer risk |  | Link |  |
| 2 | rs9954153 | (G;T) | ~2.5x higher risk for Fuchs' dystrophy: a corne... |  |  |  |
| 2.0 | rs4911414 | (T;T) | $2-4 \mathrm{x}$ higher risk of sun sensitivity if part of ... |  | Link |  |
| 1.9 | rs721048 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | Slightly increased prostate cancer risk |  | Link | Link |
| 1.8 | rs6700125 | (C;T) | 1.2x increased risk for ALS |  |  |  |
| 1.7 | rs1042713 | (A;A) | 1.7 x increased risk that pediatric inhaler use ... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.6 | rs11523871 | (A;C) | 1.6x increased breast cancer risk for women ove... | Link | Link |  |
| 1.6 | rs1537415 | (C;G) | 1.6x increased risk for periodontitis |  | Link |  |
| 1.6 | rs2981745 | (C;T) | 1.6x increased risk for breast cancer in female... |  |  |  |
| 1.6 | rs3764880 | (A;A) | 1.2-1.8x increased tuberculosis risk | Link | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs10260404 | (C;T) | 1.20x risk of developing ALS |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs10859871 | (C;C) | Slight ( $\sim 1.4 \mathrm{x}$ ) increase in endometriosis risk |  |  |  |


| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 | rs10883365 | (A;G) | 1.2x increased risk for developing Crohn's dise... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs10980705 | (C;T) | 2.3x increased risk for knee osteoarthritis |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs1154155 | (G;T) | 1.94x increased risk for narcolepsy |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs12210050 | (C;T) | Slightly higher risk for basal cell carcinoma |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs12498742 | (A;A) | 1.25 increased risk for gout |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs13149290 | (C;C) | Slightly increased risk of developing prostate ... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs13181 | (G;T) | 1.12x increased risk for cutaneous melanoma | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.5 | rs1360517 | (A;G) | Higher susceptibility for AIDS |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs140701 | (A;G) | Increased risk for anxiety disorders |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs144848 | (G;T) | Very slightly increased breast cancer risk | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.5 | rs17115100 | (G;T) | Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson... | Link | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs1801274 | (C;T) | Complex; generally greater risk for cancer prog... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.5 | rs1867277 | (A;G) | 1.5x increased risk for thyroid cancer |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs1975197 | (C;T) | 1.3x increased risk of developing restless legs... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs1994090 | (G;T) | Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs2007153 | (G;G) | Increased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs2240340 | (A;A) | Slightly increased (1.5x) risk for RA | Link |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs2241880 | (C;T) | 1.4x increased risk for Crohn's disease in Cauc... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.5 | rs2272127 | (C;C) | Associated with herpes and schizophrenia |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs2280714 | (A;G) | 1.4x increased risk of SLE |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs2736990 | (C;T) | Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs2881766 | (T; T) | Slightly increased risk for pregnancy-induced h... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs3087243 | (G;G) | Increased risk for autoimmune diseases |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs3212227 | (A;A) | 1.43 x increased risk of developing psoriasis an... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs401681 | (C;C) | ${ }^{\sim} 1.2 \mathrm{x}$ increased risk for several types of cance... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs4027132 | (A;G) | 1.39x increased risk of developing bipolar diso... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs4585 | (T;T) | Slightly poorer (0.75x) response to metformin i... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs464049 | (T; T) | Increased risk of schizophrenia in limited stud... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs4785763 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | 2 x higher risk for melanoma |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs4845618 | (G;T) | 1.7x increased melanoma risk |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs5219 | (C;T) | 1.3 x increased risk for type-2 diabetes | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.5 | rs5746059 | (A;A) | Slightly higher fat mass |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs6532197 | (A;G) | Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs6601764 | (C;T) | 1.16x increased risk of developing Crohn's dise... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs6896702 | (C;T) | Slightly increased risk of developing Parkinson... |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs7341475 | (G;G) | 1.58x increased schizophrenia risk for women |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs763035 | (C;T) | 1.2 x increased risk for rosacea |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs872071 | (G;G) | $\sim 1.5 \mathrm{x}$ increased risk for chronic lymphocytic le... |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs9642880 | (G;T) | 1.2x increased bladder cancer risk |  | Link |  |
| 1.5 | rs966221 | (C;C) | 1.5 x increased stroke risk certain populations |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | rs995030 | (G;G) | Non-protective against testicular cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.4 | rs1447295 | (A;C) | 1.4 x increased risk of prostate cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.4 | rs1800693 | (G;G) | Slight (1.4x) increase in risk for multiple scl... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.4 | rs3131296 | (G;G) | 1.4 x increased risk for schizophrenia |  | Link |  |
| 1.3 | rs1047286 | (C;T) | 1.3x increased risk for age-related macular deg... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.3 | rs10947262 | (C; C ) | 1.3 x increased risk for osteoarthritis |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs1260326 | (C;T) | Slightly higher risk for gout | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.3 | rs1375144 | (C;T) | 1.32x increased risk of developing bipolar diso... |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs1434536 | (A;G) | 1.29x increased breast cancer risk |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs16847548 | (C;T) | 1.3x increased risk for sudden cardiac death in... |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs1746048 | (C; C) | 1.03 increased risk for coronary heart disease |  | Link |  |
| 1.3 | rs2024513 | (A;G) | 1.3x higher risk for schizophrenia (among Han C... |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs2059693 | (C;T) | 1.3x increased risk for testicular cancer |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | rs2295490 | (A;G) | 1.32 x increased risk of early-onset type-2 diab... | Link | Link |  |
| 1.3 | rs356219 | (A;G) | 1.3x increased risk for Parkinson's disease |  |  |  |


| Mag. | Identifier | Genotype | Summary | ExAC | GetEvidence | ClinVar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.3 | rs4958847 | (A;G) | 1.3x increased risk for Crohn's disease |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | rs748404 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Slightly increased risk (1.25) for lung cancer... |  | Link |  |
| 1.2 | rs10865331 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{G}$ ) | 1.2x higher risk for ankylosing spondylitis |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs1344706 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 1.2 x increased risk for schizophrenia |  | Link |  |
| 1.2 | rs143383 | ( $\mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 1.1x increased risk for osteoarthritis |  | Link | Link |
| 1.2 | rs2072590 | (G;T) | 1.2x increased risk for ovarian cancer |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs2076295 | (G;T) | One copy of the risk allele (G): slightly incre... |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs2651899 | (G;G) | 1.2x higher risk for migraines |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs2665390 | ( $\mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 1.2x increased risk for ovarian cancer |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs393152 | (A;G) | Slight increased risk of both PD and AD | Link | Link |  |
| 1.2 | rs449647 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Possibly lower levels of ApoE |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs4795067 | (A;G) | Slight increase in risk for psoriatic arthritis... |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | rs6010620 | (A;G) | 1.2x higher risk for glioma development: 1.17 x ... |  | Link |  |
| 1.2 | rs9858542 | (A;G) | 1.1x risk Crohn's Disease | Link | Link |  |
| 1.17 | rs17465637 | $(\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C})$ | 1.17 x higher risk for myocardial infarction | Link | Link |  |
| 1.17 | rs3802842 | $(\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C})$ | 1.17 x increased risk of colorectal cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs11110912 | (C;C) | 1.3x high blood pressure risk |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs11650354 | ( $\mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | Possible risk for allergic asthma | Link |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs13387042 | (A;G) | 1.12x increased risk for breast cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs1800450 | (A;G) | Carrier of mannose binding deficiency but of lo... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.1 | rs249954 | (C;T) | Potentially increased risk of Breast Cancer |  |  | Link |
| 1.1 | rs2653349 | (G;G) | 2-6x increased risk for cluster headaches | Link | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs34516635 | (G;G) | Less longevity for Ashkenazi Jewish women. | Link |  | Link |
| 1.1 | rs4324715 | (C;T) | 1.5x increased testicular cancer risk for men |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs688034 | (C;T) | 1.1x risk higher risk for coronary artery disea... |  | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs6897876 | (C;T) | Slight increase in testicular cancer risk for m... |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs7171755 | (A;G) | Very slight decrease in cortical thickness and ... |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs7412 | (C;C) | More likely to gain weight if taking olanzapine... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1.1 | rs889312 | $(\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C})$ | Very slightly higher risk for breast cancer |  | Link |  |
| 1.1 | rs925391 | (C;C) | More likely to go bald; common |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | rs997669 | (G;G) | Very slightly increased (1.18x) increased breas... |  |  |  |
| 1.05 | rs2291834 | (C;T) | Very slightly higher risk for myocardial infarc... |  |  |  |
| 1 | rs1143674 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | 1.3 x increased autism risk | Link |  |  |
| 1 | rs2273697 | (A;G) | Adverse reaction more likely to carbamazepine i... | Link | Link | Link |
| 1 | rs2282679 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{C}$ ) | Somewhat lower vitamin D levels |  |  |  |
| 1 | rs2546890 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | Higher risk of multiple sclerosis |  |  |  |
| 1 | rs3194051 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{A}$ ) | $>1.1 \mathrm{x}$ risk of type-1 diabetes | Link | Link | Link |
| 1 | rs6932590 | ( $\mathrm{T} ; \mathrm{T}$ ) | 1.1x increased risk for schizophrenia |  | Link |  |
| 1 | rs6974491 | (A;G) | Higher risk of coeliac and/or inflammatory bowe... |  |  |  |
| 1 | rs987525 | (A;C) | 2.5x increased risk for cleft lip |  | Link |  |
| 0.1 | rs601338 | ( $\mathrm{A} ; \mathrm{G}$ ) | Susceptible to Norovirus infections | Link | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs1004819 | (C;C) | 1.5x risk of Crohn's disease |  | Link |  |
| 0 | rs1061646 | (C;C) | 1.16x increased risk for breast cancer | Link |  | Link |
| 0 | rs3761418 | (A;A) | 1.3x increased risk for depression |  |  |  |
| 0 | rs3813929 | (C;C) | Possible weight gain if taking olanzapine |  | Link | Link |
| 0 | rs4293393 | (T;T) | 1.25x Increased Risk of CKD for T allele in ... |  |  |  |
| 0 | rs6314 | (C;C) | Higher risk for RA | Link | Link |  |
| 0 | rs7787082 | (G;G) | 7x less likely to respond to certain antidepres... |  | Link |  |
| 0 | rs855791 | (T;T) | $0.2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{dL}$ lower hemoglobin on average | Link | Link | Link |

### 3.3 Genosets (Multi-variant Phenotypes)

| Magnitude | Identifier | Summary |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | gs241 | Lighter green: brown or hazel eye color |
| 2.9 | gs192 | MTHFR polymorphisms affecting homocysteine |
| 2.6 | gs296 | Lower heart attack risk than average |
| 2.5 | gs155 | CYP3A5 non-expressor |
| 2.5 | gs282 | You are part of the $12 \%$ of the population who c... |
| 2 | gs101 | Probably able to digest milk |
| 2 | gs246 | APOE3/APOE3 |
| 1.5 | gs247 | Parkinson's Disease Risk |
| 1.2 | gs184 | Able to taste bitterness. |
| 0 | gs158 | CYP1A2 normal metabolizer |

## 4 Raw Data

The raw data used to create this report has been assigned the identifier ERS1176556 in the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA) hosted at the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI).

These data will not be accessible unless the report is approved. This will happen by default one month after the report is issued, or if the report is approved for immediate release within the one month period. Participants can also withdraw from the study at any time in which case the report and the data will not be released and will be deleted.

If the data has already been released, it can be accessed at: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERS1176556

## 5 Report Metadata

| Resource | Version | Website |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Genome | GRCh38 | Link |
| BWA | 0.7 .12 | Link |
| SAMtools | 1.3 | Link |
| GATK | $3.4-46$ | Link |
| PLINK | v1.90b3.35 | Link |
| VEP | 88 | Link |
| SNPedia | $30-$ Jul-2017 | Link |
| ExAC | v0.3.1 | Link |
| GetEvidence | 16 -Dec-2016 | Link |
| ClinVar | $16-$-Dec-2016 | Link |

Table 5: Analysis Pipeline Versions

Report generated on August 2, 2017.

